

The Argus.

Volume I.

HOLBROOK, ARIZONA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1896.

Number 16.

THE RAILROADS.

Atlantic & Pacific R. R. Co.

TIME TABLE.

WESTWARD.		STATIONS.		EASTWARD.	
No. 2	No. 1			No. 2	No. 1
10 35p	10 35p	Ar. Chicago	Ar	10 35p	10 35p
6 30p	6 30p	Kansas City	7 30a	6 30p	6 30p
2 45a	2 45a	Denver	8 45a	2 45a	2 45a
8 15a	8 15a	Wingate	4 00p	8 15a	8 15a
9 15a	9 15a	Gallup	3 25p	9 15a	9 15a
12 15p	12 15p	Holbrook	11 45a	12 15p	12 15p
1 30p	1 30p	Winslow	10 40a	1 30p	1 30p
4 05p	4 05p	Flagstaff	8 50a	4 05p	4 05p
6 25p	6 25p	Williams	7 30a	6 25p	6 25p
8 45p	8 45p	Prescott	5 35a	8 45p	8 45p
10 10a	10 10a	Phoenix	2 45p	10 10a	10 10a
11 20p	11 20p	Kingman	1 35a	11 20p	11 20p
7 25a	7 25a	Needles	11 15p	7 25a	7 25a
8 50a	8 50a	Blake	9 55p	8 50a	8 50a
1 10p	1 10p	Daguerre	5 00p	1 10p	1 10p
1 35p	1 35p	Barrow	8 20p	1 35p	1 35p
6 00p	6 00p	Ar. Mojave	9 50a	6 00p	6 00p
10 15a	10 15a	Ar. Los Angeles	10 15a	10 15a	10 15a
6 30p	6 30p	Ar. San Diego	7 30a	6 30p	6 30p
8 30p	8 30p	Ar. San Francisco	5 00p	8 30p	8 30p

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars daily through between Los Angeles and Chicago and Williams and San Francisco. Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars daily through between Chicago and San Francisco and Chicago and Los Angeles. Tourist cars leave San Francisco every Wednesday and Los Angeles every Thursday, running through to Kansas City, Chicago and Boston. The Grand Cañon of the Colorado can be reached only via this line. Ask for a beautifully illustrated book which will be mailed free.

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To Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, and Chicago and all points EAST.

S. F. & P. TIME TABLE

In effect June 9, 1896. Mountain time is standard used.

SOUTH BOUND.		STATIONS.		NORTH BOUND.	
No. 3	No. 1			No. 2	No. 4
8 50p	8 50p	Ash Fork	6 45p	8 50a	8 50a
9 35p	9 35p	Rock Butte	6 00p	9 35a	9 35a
10 35p	10 35p	Jerome Junction	4 50p	10 35a	10 35a
11 35p	11 35p	Prescott	4 05p	11 35a	11 35a
12 35p	12 35p	Summit	3 15p	12 35a	12 35a
1 15a	1 15a	Skull Valley	2 25p	1 15a	1 15a
1 35a	1 35a	Kirkland	1 45p	1 35a	1 35a
2 40a	2 40a	Tate Creek	12 45p	2 40a	2 40a
3 30a	3 30a	Congress	12 01p	3 30a	3 30a
4 20a	4 20a	Wickenburg	1 30a	4 20a	4 20a
6 00a	6 00a	Goeria	10 00a	6 00a	6 00a
6 12a	6 12a	Glendale	9 45a	6 12a	6 12a
6 25a	6 25a	Alhambra	9 32a	6 25a	6 25a
6 45a	6 45a	Phoenix	9 15a	6 45a	6 45a

THE SCENIC ROUTE OF ARIZONA.

The best route to California. The only north and south line in Arizona to the Grand Cañon of the Colorado, Petrified Forest, Cliff Dwellings, Great Pine Forests, Salt River Valley and numerous other points of interest.

Through tickets to all points in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

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F. M. MURPHY, GEO. M. SARGENT, Pres't & Gen'l Mgr's. Prescott, Ariz. R. E. Wells, Assistant General Manager, Prescott, Arizona.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. O. ANDERSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

HOLBROOK, ARIZONA.

F. W. NELSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

WINSLOW, ARIZONA.

E. M. SANFORD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

W. M. PERRILL,

Dist'ct Attorney Navajo County

HOLBROOK, ARIZONA.

Will practice in all courts of Arizona.

T. W. JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

Will practice in the Courts of Navajo, Apache, Coconino and Mohave Counties.

R. E. MORRISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

(District Attorney Yavapai County.)

Office in Court House, Prescott, Arizona.

J. P. WELCH, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

HOLBROOK, ARIZONA.

CHALCEDONY LODGE NO. 6, F. & A. M., Holbrook, Arizona. Regular stated communications at 7 30 p. m. on Fourth Saturday of each month. Visiting brethren invited. By order of R. C. KINDER, W. M. J. H. BOWMAN, Secretary.

CARPENTER SHOP—North side of R. R. track, east of the shop of Wm. Armstrong. All kinds of carpenter work at short notice. Repairing a specialty. Give me a call if you have work needing immediate attention. C. G. TESTERMAN.

Notice. Mr. S. E. West of Snowflake, is our authorized agent for that section of the country, and is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the ARGUS.

PEOPLE TO BE HELD AT THE BAYONET'S POINT.

United States Army to be Increased to a Quarter of a Million Men if McKinley is Elected.

PLANS OF GOLD-STANDARD ADVOCATES

Judge George F. Patrick Receives a Startling Letter From a Boston "Sound Money Club" Member.

A DELIBERATE PROPOSITION OF BRIBERY.

From the Pueblo Chieftain.

If American freemen need anything to convince them that the gold standard is not sought to be continued for the benefit of the masses, certainly the following startling letter should at least open their eyes. "The rule of force" is to be maintained, says the writer, an avowed McKinley man, if the republican nominee is elected. But the letter speaks for itself and no comment is necessary. A word however, by way of explanation is in point. Judge George F. Patrick, the recipient of the letter containing a deliberate offer of bribery, is known throughout Southern Colorado as a lawyer of the highest standing and a man of unimpeachable honor and integrity. He was the democratic nominee for the district bench at the last judicial election. Furthermore, as his vigorous reply states, he is a staunch silver man. When the letter was delivered to him last Saturday his anger was almost uncontrollable. He put the document at the disposal of the silver literature committee of the Bryan and Teller club, and in circular form thousands of copies of the letter, Judge Patrick's reply, the affidavits and certificates, will be sent throughout the doubtful states in the next few days.

The letter came in a long, plain, manilla envelope on Saturday, postmarked "Boston, October 7, 5 p. m. '96." It was received and marked at the Pueblo postoffice "Pueblo, October 10, 11 a. m. '96." The letter, word for word, is as follows, and the writer of it carefully made a letter-press copy of each sheet and of the envelope address as well:

"9 Milk Street.

Boston, Mass., October 4, 1896.

"HON. GEO. F. PATRICK, Pueblo, Colo.

"Dear Sir: I am requested by the secretary of one of our local Boston Sound Money clubs to write you with reference to securing your influence in the state of Colorado to forward the cause of sound money, and the election of McKinley to the presidency of these United States.

"Our secretary is informed that it is possible, in his informant's judgment, to secure your services, notwithstanding you are a democrat.

"It is the judgment of eastern democrats, that it is useless for a democrat to work or vote for Palmer and Buckner, as these gentlemen were nominated in order to split the party vote in Illinois and Kentucky, and thereby give those states to McKinley, and therefore we democrats of Massachusetts who favor the continuance of the present gold standard are concentrating our forces on McKinley, not in an obtrusive way, of course, but nevertheless our work is effective, and is as much under the guidance of Mr. Hanna as are the republican forces of the state. Our object, of course, is to continue the present sound money system, as in our judgment it is more important than low tariff, and so for this campaign we are urging all old line democrats to work for McKinley.

"We have positive assurance from Mr. Hanna, that so far as raising the tariff is concerned, THERE NEED BE NO OCCASION FOR ANY LOW TARIFF MAN TO BE ALARMED, as Mr. McKinley will favor no unjust laws concerning the subject. Therefore no democrat need be alarmed as to his tinkering with the tariff.

"Now, Mr. Patrick, if I am mistaken in you, and the requests and tenor of this letter do not suit you, or your environment be such as to preclude the possibility of your accepting the request contained in this letter, then my friend, if no answer is received, I will understand you decline to entertain my proposition, all of which I hope will not occur.

"In this connection let me assure you that many prominent men of your political faith all over the country are in the service of our at one time political enemy, Mr. Hanna.

"In your state, Colorado, we are not very sanguine of success, but as your state is down on the list for allotment of certain benefits, and as we are assured there is a possibility of securing your four electoral votes, by hard work and a judicious disposition of funds, and furthermore as WE HAVE AN ABUNDANCE OF THE SINEWS OF WAR, I, in common with my colleagues, are agreed some united effort should be made in your state. I understand there is a strong undercurrent of opinion in Colorado, favorable to Mr. Wolcott, that only needs a little greasing to burst forth in support of that noble republican.

"Now, my dear Mr. Patrick, you are located too far from the seat of war to understand why we gold men are striving so hard to defeat Mr. Bryan and elect Mr. McKinley, and possibly are not aware that to elect Mr. Bryan means financial ruin to many of our greatest men. WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN OPENLY DECLARES WAR ON ALL TRUST COMPANIES, AND as he is pleased to term it, 'MONEY POWER.' On the contrary MR. MCKINLEY IS SWORN TO PROTECT us, so in self defense we are striving to protect ourselves. I trust you understand.

"IF WE DO NOT SECURE CONTROL OF GOVERNMENTAL METHODS NOW, WE FEAR LAWS WILL SOON BE ENACTED WHICH WILL PREVENT THE FORMATION AND CONTINUANCE OF TRUSTS, AND THAT THE PROFITS OF BUSINESS WILL BECOME TO WIDELY SCATTERED. Some of our people, the more timid ones, fear we may push the reduction of values a little too far, and that the common people may revolt, but let me assure you my dear Mr. Patrick, that IN THE EVENT OF MR. MCKINLEY'S ELECTION, A BILL WILL AT ONCE BE INTRODUCED IN CONGRESS TO INCREASE THE STANDING ARMY TO AT LEAST 250,000 MEN, WHICH WILL BE DONE IN THE EVENT OF THE SUCCESS OF THE GOLD FORCES; the criminal classes, the discontented classes, and LABOR CLASSES, WITH THEIR UNIONS AND STRIKERS, WILL SUCCEED TO THE RULE OF FORCE, AND NO LONGER PLAY ANY PART IN AMERICAN POLITICS. IMAGINE a revolt with a good TRAINED FORCE OF REGULAR SOLDIERS IN EVERY ONE OF OUR MONEY CENTERS WITH READY RIFLE AND GATLING GUN TO HOLD IN CHECK ANY DEMONSTRATION to the contrary.

"IF WE ONLY SUCCEED, CAPITAL WILL once more be safe in its investment, and able to PROCURE LABOR IN THE OPEN MARKET AT THE LOWEST PRICE POSSIBLE.

"Of course, Mr. Patrick, you need not allow THESE REMARKS to be made public, as they MIGHT DO OUR CAUSE INJURY AMONG LABORERS, AND SUCH BUSINESS MEN AS BELIEVE IT NECESSARY FOR LABOR TO PROSPER, but when you meet a capitalist, a banker, or one of whom you are sure, just disabuse his or their minds, if they are inclined to be timid.

"I solemnly assure you that WHEN MR. HANNA GETS CONTROL, STRIKERS WILL SOON BE DISPOSED OF.

"Now, Mr. Patrick, if I am correctly informed, you are a gold man, and with you sound money and your country's integrity come first. This being true, and in order to quickly come to an understanding, I wish to ask you a plain question, coupled with a plain business proposition.

"Will you for a consideration commensurate with your worth join us, and in your state do your share to quietly aid the honest gold party, and aid in the election of McKinley.

"If you will, and also assist in placing the funds necessary for your state, you will in the event of our success, receive recognition. One of Mr. Hanna's assistants will pay you a visit shortly to arrange the details.

"Favor me with an early reply, if possible in the affirmative.

"Your reply need not go into details, since as a shrewd lawyer you will understand. If you decide to accept, wire answer. The single word 'Yes' is sufficient. Awaiting your reply, and respectfully requesting immediate attention to this letter, I am,

"Respectfully yours, "SAML C. PRESSLEY."

"P. S.—The writer met you once in Silver City, N. M. but you have forgotten him by this time, no doubt."

It is unnecessary to say that Mr. Patrick did not telegraph that little word "Yes."

The following speaks for itself:

"STATE OF COLORADO, ss.

"County of Pueblo, ss.

"G. F. Patrick, of lawful age, being duly sworn upon his oath, deposes and says, that he is a resident of the city of Pueblo and State of Colorado; that he received, through the regular channels of the mail, the foregoing letter at 4 o'clock on Saturday, October 10, by the same being delivered to him by one of the mail carriers of this city; that he has never conspired in any way, shape, form or manner with any person whatsoever for the purpose of getting up any such article for campaign purposes; that he knows nothing of the reasons that induced the writer to send him the same unless said writer had been led to regard him as a gold man because of his having subscribed for different gold periodicals in order that he might be enabled to understand both sides of the question.

"G. F. PATRICK.

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of October, A. D. 1896.

"[SEAL.] "R. S. ANDERSON, Notary Public.

"My commission expires July 16, 1898."

Then as to the receipt of the letter by Judge Patrick, the following affidavit was made:

"STATE OF COLORADO, ss.

"County of Pueblo, ss.

"Alfred H. Long, of lawful age, being first duly sworn, upon his oath deposes and says, that he is a son of ex-Chief Justice Long of New Mexico, that he was present in the office of G. F. Patrick in the opera house, in the city of Pueblo, on the afternoon of the 10th day of October, A. D. 1896; and that he was present when Mr. Patrick received through the regular channels of the mail, and opened and read the foregoing letter.

"ALFRED H. LONG.

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of October, A. D. 1896.

"[SEAL.] "R. S. ANDERSON, Notary Public.

"My commission expires July 16, 1898."

Judge Patrick's standing in the community is attested by the following statement signed by Dr. A. T. King, mayor of the city of Pueblo:

"I take pleasure in certifying that I have known G. F. Patrick, Esq., for some years, and know him to be a man of moral and intellectual worth, and one of the leading attorneys of the city, and unhesitatingly vouch for him as an honorable and truthful citizen.

"A. T. KING, Mayor."

As to Judge Patrick's standing at the bar Judge N. Walter Dixon, of this city, judge of the Tenth judicial district of Colorado, writes:

"This is to certify that I am personally acquainted with G. F. Patrick, Esq., the above named affiant. He is a lawyer by profession, a member of the Colorado bar in excellent standing, and a gentleman of the highest integrity.

"N. WALTER DIXON."

In reply to the Pressley letter Judge Patrick has indited the following: "Pueblo, Colo., October 13, 1896.

"SAMUEL C. PRESSLEY, ESQ., Boston, Mass.

"Dear Sir:—In reply to yours of the 4th I beg leave to say: If your letter was intended as a sensational fake its contents show ability that might be employed in some honorable calling. But, sir, if you are sincere and really talking with authority, I have this to say in reply: I have great respect for a republican or a democrat, and there are many of both, who are supporting Major McKinley from principle. I have respect for the man with a fixed income or large moneyed interests, who support the gold standard. I also have respect for the men who through prejudice are supporting the republican ticket, so long as such gentlemen resort to honorable means, and have at heart not only their own welfare, but at the same time the welfare of our nation, and this I am compelled to believe a large majority of McKinley's supporters have. But, sir, you and your methods, and the ultimate results to be obtained as suggested by you would cause a Benedict Arnold to appear as a saint, when compared with you and your ilk, as a traitor. I am proud to say that from the Revolutionary war to the present time there has never been a traitor in my family, and I shall not be the first to mar that line of honorable men.

"I am a firm believer in bimetalism and the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio, and therefore not ready to pin what is in my judgment, Mark Hanna's badge of slavery, upon my children and my neighbor's children, and go forth to assist in the delivery of my country to England, whose freedom was purchased by the blood of my ancestors.

"As an inducement you suggest there are many prominent men of my political faith all over the country in the service of Hanna. If this be true, I regret that it is so, but if Mr. Bryan has the apostolic power that has been attributed to him, of casting out devils in the democratic party and separating the sheep from the goats in the republican party, then, sir, I expect you are right.

"A man should be something more than a prominent man to have charge of a great country like this. He should be a good man, and a wise man, and a patriot, and I regret to say, that in these three respects I consider at least a large majority of the prominent men in this country sorely lacking. Christ was crucified by prominent men. Rome and France were corrupted by prominent men. And can any reasonable being see the want and misery that stalk abroad in this boasted free country of ours and then think for a moment it has been the middle and lower classes that have produced these results, especially when they see Mark Hanna, Palmer and Buckner working in the same harness, and read your suggestions of certain 'benefits' and 'sinews of war' and what they are intended for.

"If I correctly understand what you mean, and I think I do, by 'benefits' and 'sinews of war,' I should advise you to put extras in your haversack when you tackle the people of Colorado, as they will not yield to the

[CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.]

An exchange remarks: It is recorded that Noah was the first advertiser. He advertised the flood and it came about all right. The fellow who laughed at his advertising drowned. Every since Noah's time the advertiser has been prosperous, while the other fellow has been struggling to keep his head above the flood of disaster.

Subscribe for the ARGUS, the only live local paper in Navajo county. Novelties for kitchen use at Clark's

AND WHEREAS it is further provided in said Act that at least thirty days before each general election the Governor must issue an Election Proclamation, under the great seal of the Territory, and transmit copies thereof to the Clerks of the Boards of Supervisors of the counties in which such elections are to be held. Such proclamation to contain a statement of the time of the election, and the offices to be filled, and the offer of a reward in the form prescribed by said Act.

NOW THEREFORE I, Benjamin J. Franklin, Governor of Arizona, in pursuance of the duty enjoined upon me do hereby order a general election to be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1896, and the offices to be filled at such election I do hereby designate to be as follows, to-wit:

One Delegate to the 55th Congress of the United States.

12 Members of the Council of the Legislative Assembly of Arizona, and 24 Members of the House of Representatives of the Legislative Assembly of Arizona, apportioned agreeably to existing laws as follows, to-wit:

County.	Number of Members of Council.	Number of Members of House of Representatives.
Apache	1	1
Cocconino	1	1
Cochise	1	3
Gila	1	1
Graham	1	2
Maricopa	1	4
Mohave	1	1
Navajo	1	1
Pima	1	4
Pinal	1	2
Yavapai	1	3
Yuma	1	1

And there shall be elected in each county of the Territory one Probate Judge, one District Attorney, one Sheriff, one Treasurer, one Recorder, one Surveyor, two Members of the Board of Supervisors, except in the County of Navajo where there shall be elected three Members of the Board of Supervisors, and in each of the counties where the office of Tax-collector has not been consolidated with the office of Sheriff or Treasurer, one Tax-collector shall be elected. Also in the several precincts of each county one Justice of the Peace, and one Constable, and in such precincts as are entitled to two Justices of the Peace and two Constables, that number shall be elected.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of \$50 for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title 4 Part 1 of the Penal Code.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the Territory to be hereunto affixed this 30th day of September, A. D. 1896.

DONE at Phoenix, the capital, this 30th day of September, 1896.

By the Governor. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, CHARLES M. BRUCE, Secretary of Arizona.

Election Proclamation.

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

TO ALL PERSONS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, GREETING:

WHEREAS by an act of the Congress of the United States entitled "An Act authorizing the County of Navajo, Territory of Arizona, to issue bonds for the construction of a court-house and jail at the county seat thereof," approved May 18th, 1896, it is provided that the board of supervisors of the county of Navajo, Territory of Arizona, be, and are hereby authorized to issue bonds of said county not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars in amount, payable in not less than five, nor more than twenty years, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, interest and principal payable in lawful money of the United States, interest payable semi-annually, and which said bonds shall not be sold for less than par, for the construction of a court-house and jail at the county seat of said county: PROVIDED, that a vote of the duly qualified electors of said county shall first be taken upon the question of the issue of the bonds under the provisions of this Act, which election shall be held in all respects as required by the General Election Laws of the Territory of Arizona, and unless a majority of the qualified electors of said county shall vote at said election for the issue of bonds as in this Act provided, said bonds shall not be issued.

AND WHEREAS, under and by virtue of said Act of Congress an order of the Board of Supervisors of Navajo County was issued and entered upon the minutes of said Board on the 24th day of August, 1896, that such election be held of the duly qualified electors of said county on the 3rd day of November, 1896, at which election the proposition for or against the issuance of said bonds will be submitted to said electors.

NOW THEREFORE I, Benjamin J. Franklin, Governor of Arizona, in pursuance of a duty enjoined upon me by law, and in conformity with said Act of Congress, and said order of the Board of Supervisors, do hereby order a special election to be held on Tuesday the Third day of November, A. D. 1896, of the duly qualified electors of Navajo county for the purpose of voting upon the proposition of issuing fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars in bonds of said county for the construction of a court-house and jail at the county seat thereof, as provided in said Act, and said order of the Board of Supervisors of Navajo county, which said election shall be held in all respects as required by the General Election Laws of the Territory of Arizona.

AND I DO HEREBY offer a reward of \$50 for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title 4, Part 1 of the Penal Code.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the Territory to be affixed.

DONE at Phoenix, the capital, this 30th day of September, 1896.

By the Governor. BENJAMIN J. FRANKLIN, CHARLES M. BRUCE, Secretary of Arizona.